



UGUI 开发使用技巧

技术开放日 广州站

侑虎科技（上海）有限公司

2016.7.10

Overview

- UI开销分析
- 界面切换
- 背包系统



开销分析

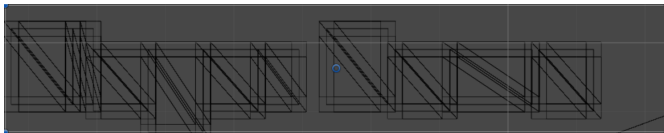
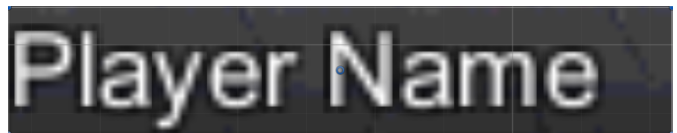
- [UI元素更新]
- [网格合并]
- 渲染
- [事件检测]



开销分析

- [UI元素更新]
 - Instantiate/GameObejct.Activate
 - RectTransform 的数值修改
 - Image/Text 的属性修改
 - Layout 属性修改

```
[SerializeField] private Color m_Color = Color.white;  
public Color color { get { return m_Color; } set { if (SetPropertyUtility.SetColor(ref m_Color, value)) SetVerticesDirty(); } }
```



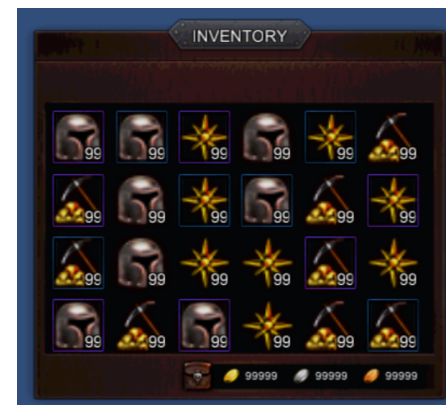
开销分析

- [UI元素更新]
 - Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases()
 - (ScrollRect.LateUpdate())

▼ Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases()	56.1%	0.0%	1	56.4 KB	73.97	0.00
▼ CanvasUpdateRegistry.PerformUpdate()	56.1%	0.8%	1	56.4 KB	73.97	1.10
▼ Graphic.Rebuild()	43.9%	0.1%	414	5.8 KB	57.81	0.21
▶ Text.UpdateGeometry()	20.5%	0.0%	84	80 B	27.09	0.10
▶ Graphic.UpdateGeometry()	12.6%	0.7%	123	120 B	16.65	1.03
▶ Graphic.UpdateMaterial()	10.5%	0.5%	207	5.6 KB	13.84	0.71
▼ LayoutRebuilder.UnityEngine.UI.ICanvasElement.Rebuild()	9.1%	0.0%	6	50.2 KB	12.02	0.00
▶ LayoutRebuilder.PerformLayoutCalculation()	5.0%	0.1%	4	47.8 KB	6.63	0.23
▶ LayoutRebuilder.PerformLayoutControl()	4.0%	0.1%	4	2.3 KB	5.38	0.24

▼ Text.UpdateGeometry()	20.5%	0.0%	84	80 B	27.09	0.10
▼ Graphic.UpdateGeometry()	20.5%	0.6%	84	80 B	26.99	0.85
▶ Outline.ModifyVertices()	13.7%	0.6%	81	0 B	18.07	0.80
▶ Text.OnFillVBO()	5.2%	2.8%	84	0 B	6.91	3.80
▶ Graphic.get_canvasRenderer()	0.2%	0.0%	84	80 B	0.34	0.11
▶ CanvasRenderer.SetVertices()	0.1%	0.0%	84	0 B	0.21	0.03

▼ Graphic.UpdateGeometry()	12.6%	0.7%	123	120 B	16.65	1.03
▼ Image.OnFillVBO()	10.9%	0.8%	123	0 B	14.36	1.11
▶ Image.GenerateSimpleSprite()	5.5%	0.7%	86	0 B	7.32	0.98
▶ Image.GenerateSlicedSprite()	4.4%	1.5%	37	0 B	5.90	2.07
▶ Image.get_overrideSprite()	0.0%	0.0%	123	0 B	0.02	0.02
▶ Image.get_type()	0.0%	0.0%	123	0 B	0.00	0.00
▶ Object.op_Equality()	0.0%	0.0%	123	0 B	0.00	0.00
▶ Component.GetComponents()	0.2%	0.0%	123	0 B	0.26	0.00
▶ ComponentListPool.Release()	0.1%	0.0%	123	0 B	0.26	0.00



开销分析

- [UI元素更新]
 - Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases()
 - CPU
 - 堆内存（主要在实例化是出现）
 - UpdateGeometry->OnFillVBO

```
var vbo = s_VboPool.Get();  
  
if (rectTransform != null && rectTransform.rect.width >= 0 && rectTransform.rect.height >= 0)  
    OnFillVBO(vbo);
```

CanvasUpdateRegistry

```
private void PerformUpdate()  
{  
    // So MB's override the == operator for null equality, which checks  
    // if they are destroyed. This is fine if you are looking at a concrete  
    // mb, but in this case we are looking at a list of CanvasElement  
    // if this won't forward the == operator to the MB, but just check if the  
    // interface is null. IsDestroyed will return if the backend is destroyed  
    m_LayoutRebuildQueue.RemoveAll(x => x == null || x.IsDestroyed());  
    m_GraphicRebuildQueue.RemoveAll(x => x == null || x.IsDestroyed());  
  
    m_PerformingLayoutUpdate = true;  
  
    m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Sort(s_SortLayoutFunction);  
    for (int i = 0; i <= (int)CanvasUpdate.PostLayout; i++)  
    {  
        for (int j = 0; j < m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Count; j++)  
        {  
            try  
            {  
                if (ObjectValidForUpdates(instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j]))  
                    instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j].Rebuild(CanvasUpdate);  
            }  
            catch (Exception e)  
            {  
                Debug.LogException(e, instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j].transform);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Clear();  
    m_PerformingLayoutUpdate = false;  
  
    m_PerformingGraphicUpdate = true;  
    for (var i = (int)CanvasUpdate.PreRender; i < (int)CanvasUpdate.MaxUpdateValue; i++)  
    {  
        for (var k = 0; k < instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue.Count; k++)  
        {  
            try  
            {  
                var element = instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue[k];  
                if (ObjectValidForUpdate(element))  
                    element.Rebuild(CanvasUpdate);  
            }  
            catch (Exception e)  
            {  
                Debug.LogException(e, instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue[k].transform);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue.Clear();  
    m_PerformingGraphicUpdate = false;  
}
```

```
private void PerformUpdate()  
{  
    // So MB's override the == operator for null equality, which checks  
    // if they are destroyed. This is fine if you are looking at a concrete  
    // mb, but in this case we are looking at a list of CanvasElement  
    // if this won't forward the == operator to the MB, but just check if the  
    // interface is null. IsDestroyed will return if the backend is destroyed  
    m_LayoutRebuildQueue.RemoveAll(x => x == null || x.IsDestroyed());  
    m_GraphicRebuildQueue.RemoveAll(x => x == null || x.IsDestroyed());  
  
    m_PerformingLayoutUpdate = true;  
  
    m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Sort(s_SortLayoutFunction);  
    for (int i = 0; i <= (int)CanvasUpdate.PostLayout; i++)  
    {  
        for (int j = 0; j < m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Count; j++)  
        {  
            try  
            {  
                if (ObjectValidForUpdates(instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j]))  
                    instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j].Rebuild(CanvasUpdate);  
            }  
            catch (Exception e)  
            {  
                Debug.LogException(e, instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue[j].transform);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    instance.m_LayoutRebuildQueue.Clear();  
    m_PerformingLayoutUpdate = false;  
  
    m_PerformingGraphicUpdate = true;  
    for (var i = (int)CanvasUpdate.PreRender; i < (int)CanvasUpdate.MaxUpdateValue; i++)  
    {  
        for (var k = 0; k < instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue.Count; k++)  
        {  
            try  
            {  
                var element = instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue[k];  
                if (ObjectValidForUpdate(element))  
                    element.Rebuild(CanvasUpdate);  
            }  
            catch (Exception e)  
            {  
                Debug.LogException(e, instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue[k].transform);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    instance.m_GraphicRebuildQueue.Clear();  
    m_PerformingGraphicUpdate = false;  
}
```

▼ ScrollRect.LateUpdate()	73.8%	0.9%	1	1.6 MB	52.44	0.66	N/A	7.2%	0.0%	1	210.0 KB	5.14	0.00
▼ ScrollRect.EnsureLayoutHasRebuilt()	72.5%	0.0%	1	1.6 MB	51.57	0.00	N/A	0.3%	0.0%	1	0.8 MB	0.28	0.00
▼ Canvas.ForceUpdateCanvases()	72.5%	0.0%	1	1.6 MB	51.56	0.00	N/A	0.2%	0.2%	1	52.5 KB	0.17	0.15
▼ Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases()	72.5%	0.0%	1	1.6 MB	51.56	0.00	N/A	0.2%	0.0%	1	420.0 KB	0.16	0.00
▼ CanvasUpdateRegistry.PerformUpdate()	72.5%	0.1%	1	1.6 MB	51.56	0.13	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	105.0 KB	0.03	0.00
▼ Graphic.Rebuild()	69.1%	0.0%	12	1.6 MB	49.09	0.00	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00
▼ Text.UpdateGeometry()	61.6%	0.0%	2	1.6 MB	43.80	0.00	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00
▼ Graphic.UpdateGeometry()	61.6%	0.0%	2	1.6 MB	43.79	0.02	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00
▼ Text.OnFillVBO()	60.7%	46.7%	2	1.6 MB	43.14	33.22	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.01
► List`1.Add()	9.0%	0.6%	12396	1.6 MB	6.43	0.42	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00
► TextGenerator.Populate()	2.8%	0.0%	2	0 B	1.99	0.00	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00
► List`1.get_Item()	1.0%	0.3%	12396	0 B	0.74	0.27	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.01	0.00

开销分析

- [UI元素更新]

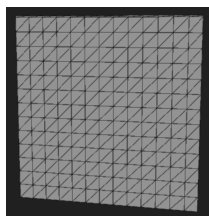
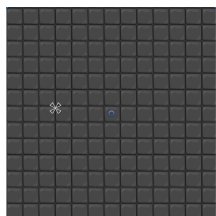
- 减少长文本 Text 的变动，慎用 UI/Effect。



BatchedMesh
36 verts, 18 tris uv,uv2,colors

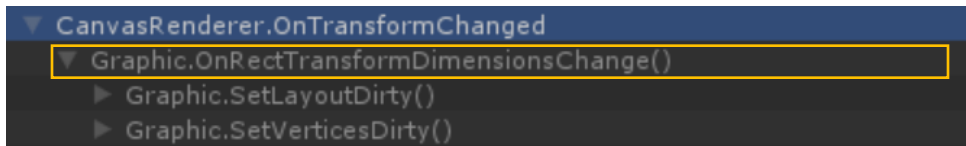
BatchedMesh
180 verts, 90 tris uv,uv2,colors

- 慎用 Tiled 类型的 Image。



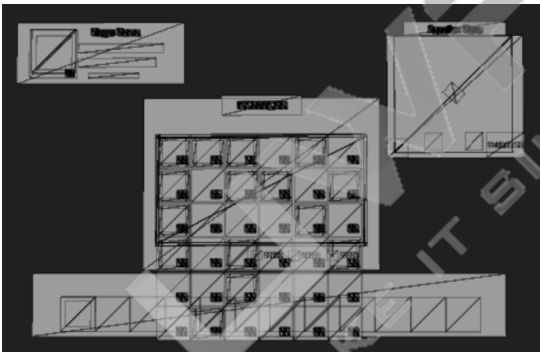
BatchedMesh
728 verts, 364 tris uv,uv2,colors

- 慎用 Pixel Perfect



开销分析

- [网格合并]
 - Canvas 为单位



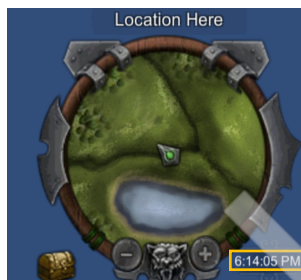
- Canvas.BuildBatch

Canvas.BuildBatch	21.3%	0.0%	1	0 B	4.22	0.00
Canvas.GenerateBatchedMesh	21.3%	6.6%	1	0 B	4.22	1.32
Canvas.FillBatchMesh	13.6%	1.7%	1	0 B	2.69	0.34
Canvas.FillVerts	10.8%	10.8%	1	0 B	2.14	2.14
Canvas.DoIndices	0.9%	0.9%	1	0 B	0.19	0.19
Canvas.FillQuads	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.00	0.00
Canvas.BatchSort	0.9%	0.9%	1	0 B	0.19	0.19
Mesh.AwakeFromLoad	0.0%	0.0%	1	0 B	0.00	0.00
Not Saved (154)				0.7 MB		
Mesh (16)				0.5 MB		
BatchedMesh				489.0 KB	1	

开销分析

- [网格合并]

- 排除不需要的 `Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases()`
- 动静分离，动态元素可按更新频率细分。
 - 坐标、时间
 - HUD 战斗提示
 - 角色头顶信息
 -
- 控制“动态 Canvas”中的元素数量（网格大小）。
- 慎用 `CanvasGroup` 的 Alpha 渐变。



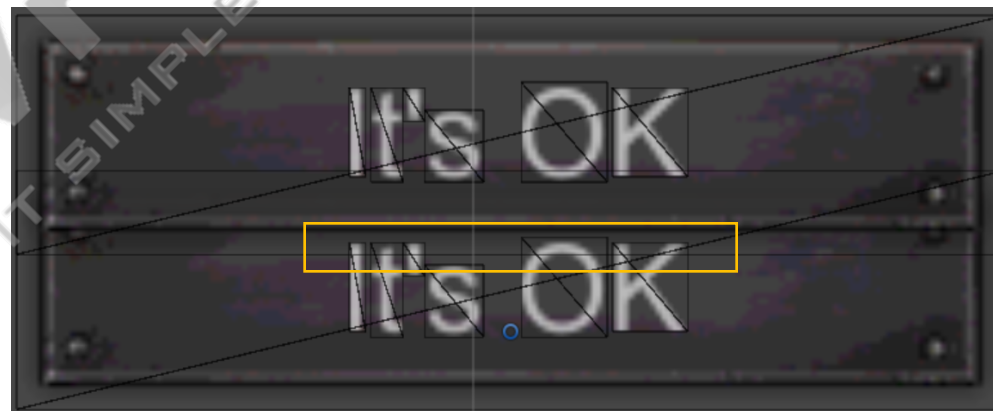
开销分析

- 渲染

- 按 Canvas 合并 Mesh (BatchedMesh)

BatchedMesh	5.2 KB	1
BatchedMesh	5.2 KB	1

- 渲染顺序重排



- UI元素按渲染顺序及Atlas 分成小组 (Submesh)

BatchedMesh
3940 verts, 1970 tris, 48 submeshes uv,uv2,colors

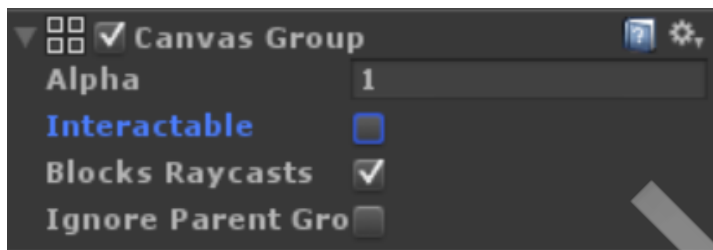
开销分析

- 渲染
 - 合理规划 Atlas
 - 同时同地
 - 适当冗余
 - 尽可能合并静态UI元素
 - 确保静态
 - 去除空 Sprite
 - 改变“增大检测区域”的方式
 - Mask -> RectMask 2D

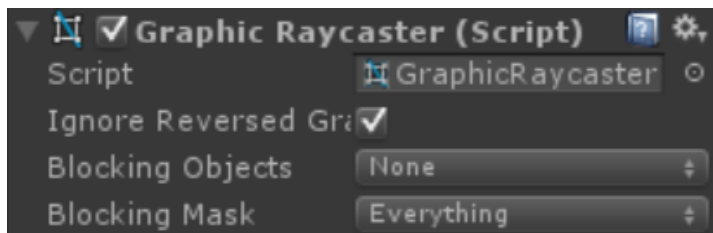


开销分析

- 事件检测
 - 过滤不需要检测的 Canvas
 - CanvasGroup (Interactable)

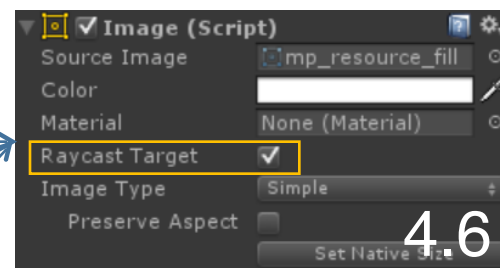
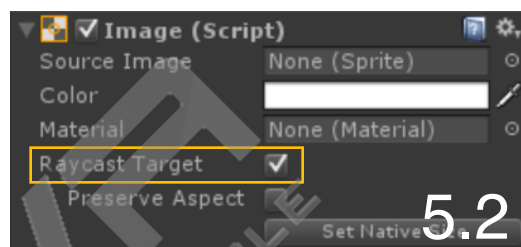


- GraphicRaycaster (Enable)



开销分析

- 事件检测
 - 引入 Unity 5.2 的优化方法



```
[NonSerialized] static readonly List<Graphic> s_SortedGraphics = new List<Graphic>();
private static void Raycast(Canvas canvas, Camera eventCamera, Vector2 pointerPosition, List<Graphic> results)
{
    // Debug.Log("ttt" + pointerPosition + "::::" + camera);
    // Necessary for the event system
    var foundGraphics = GraphicRegistry.GetGraphicsForCanvas(canvas);
    s_SortedGraphics.Clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < foundGraphics.Count; ++i)
    {
        Graphic graphic = foundGraphics[i];

        // -1 means it hasn't been processed by the canvas, which means it isn't actually drawn
        if (graphic.depth == -1 || graphic.raycastTarget == false)
            continue;

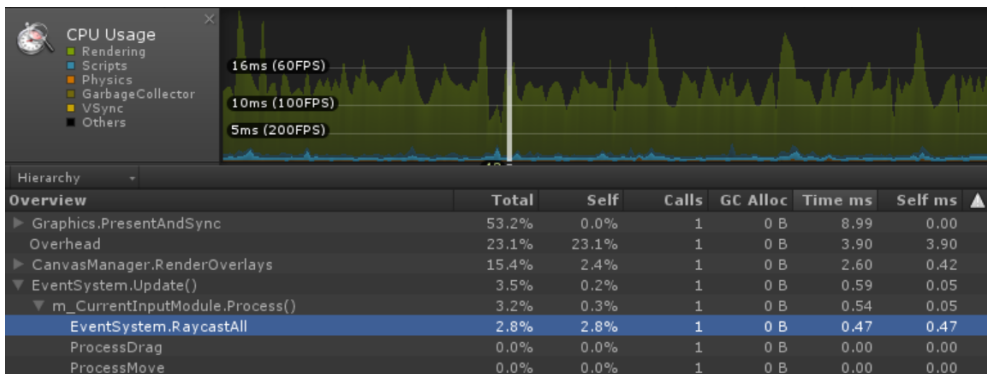
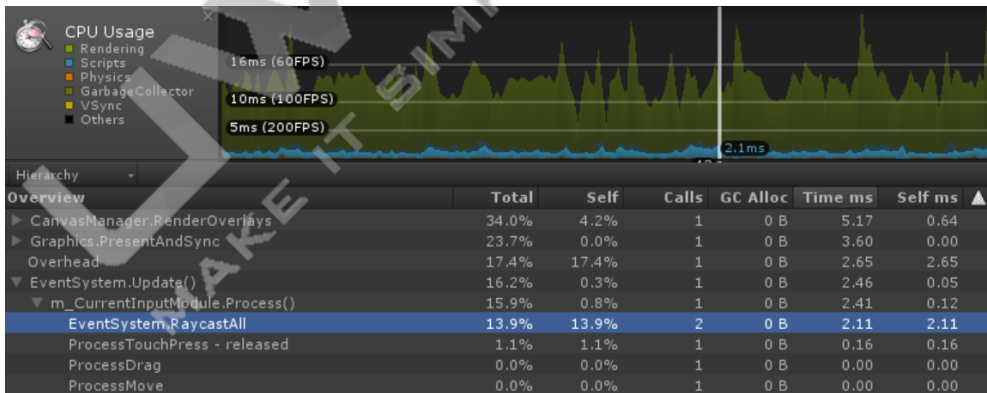
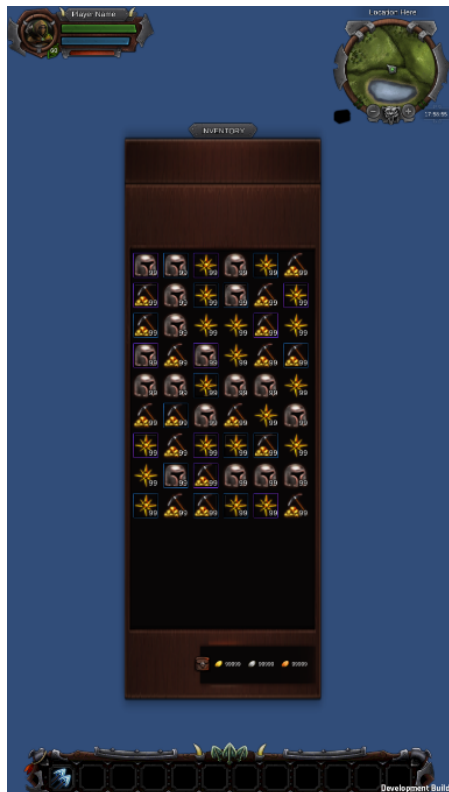
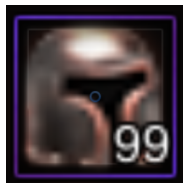
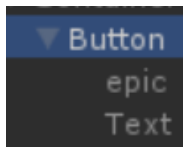
        if (!RectTransformUtility.RectangleContainsScreenPoint(graphic.rectTransform, pointerPosition, eventCamera))
            continue;

        if (graphic.Raycast(pointerPosition, eventCamera))
        {
            s_SortedGraphics.Add(graphic);
        }
    }
}
```

开销分析

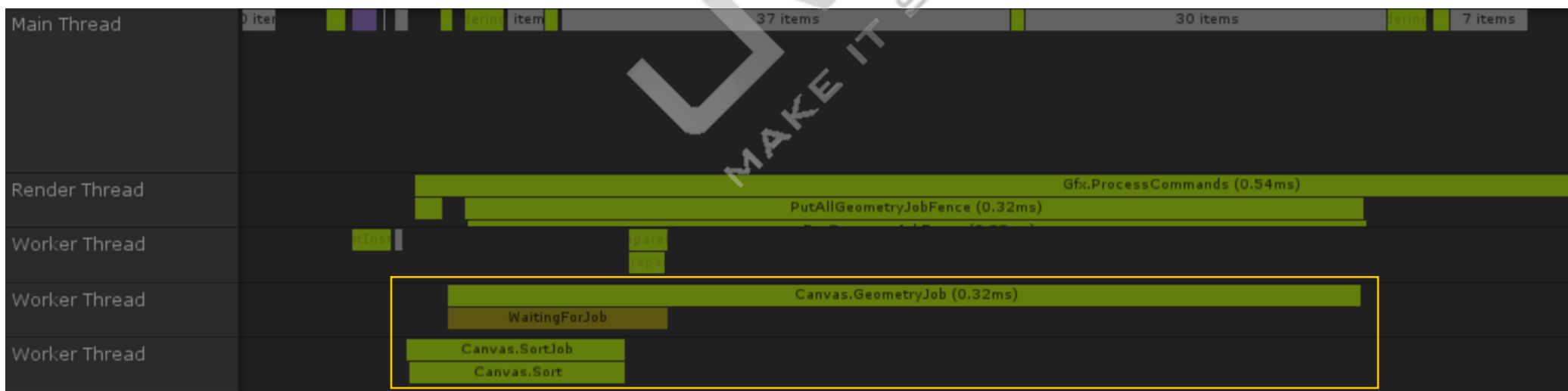
- 事件检测
 - 过滤不需要检测的Graphic
 - 一个 Item 只需要一个 Target 进行检测

```
Graphic[] graphics = Resources.FindObjectsOfTypeAll<Graphic>();  
foreach (Graphic g in graphics)  
{  
    if (g.GetComponent<Button>() == null)  
    {  
        g.raycastTarget = false;  
    }  
}
```



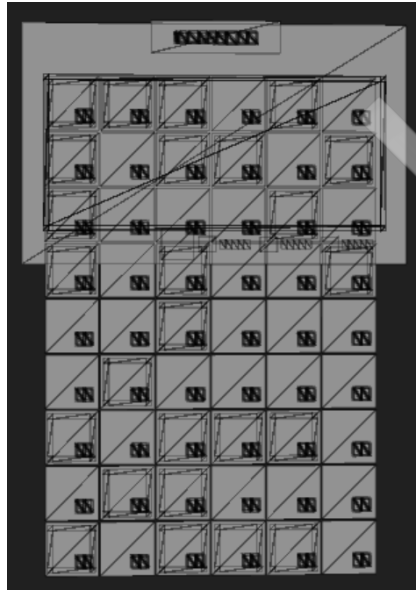
开销分析

- 多线程 Unity 5.2
 - WaitingForJob
 - PutAllGeometryJob



界面切换

- Instantiate/Destroy
- GameObject.Activate/Deactivate
- CanvasRenderer.OnRectTransformChange
- CullingMask

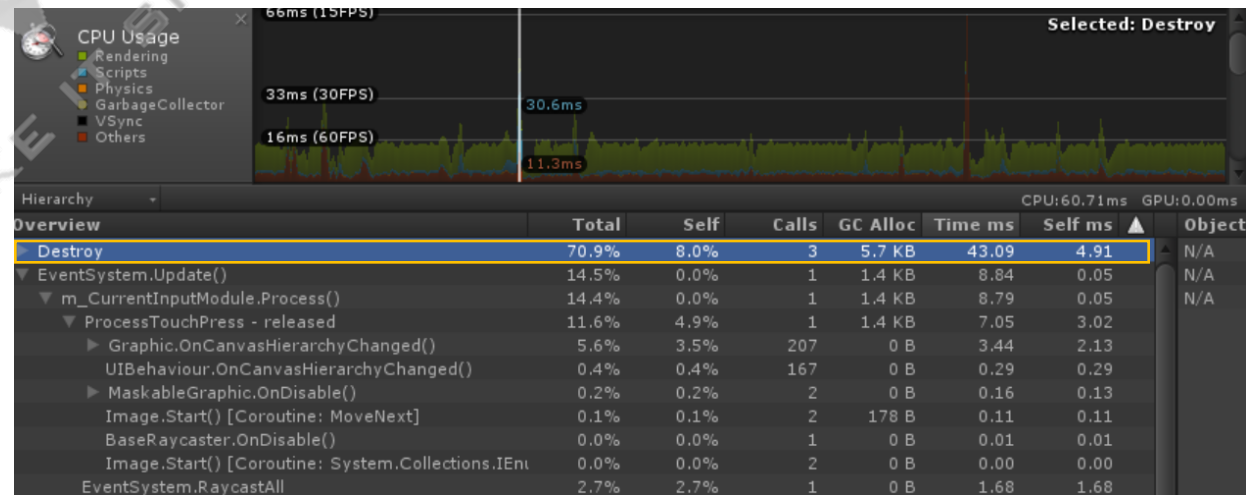
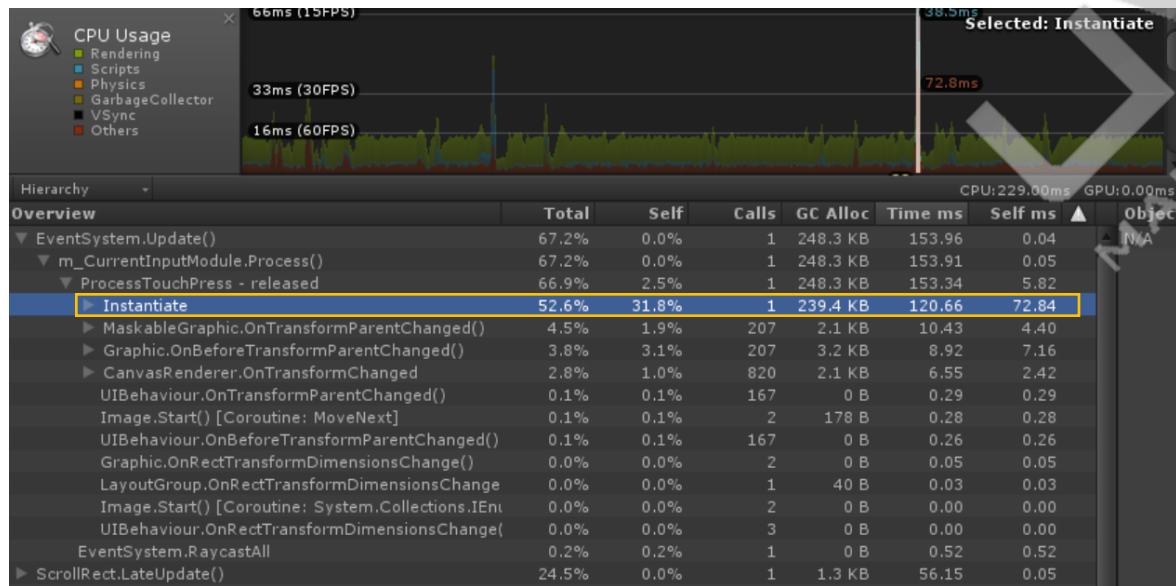


BatchedMesh
4656 verts, 2328 tris, 13 submeshes uv,uv2,colors



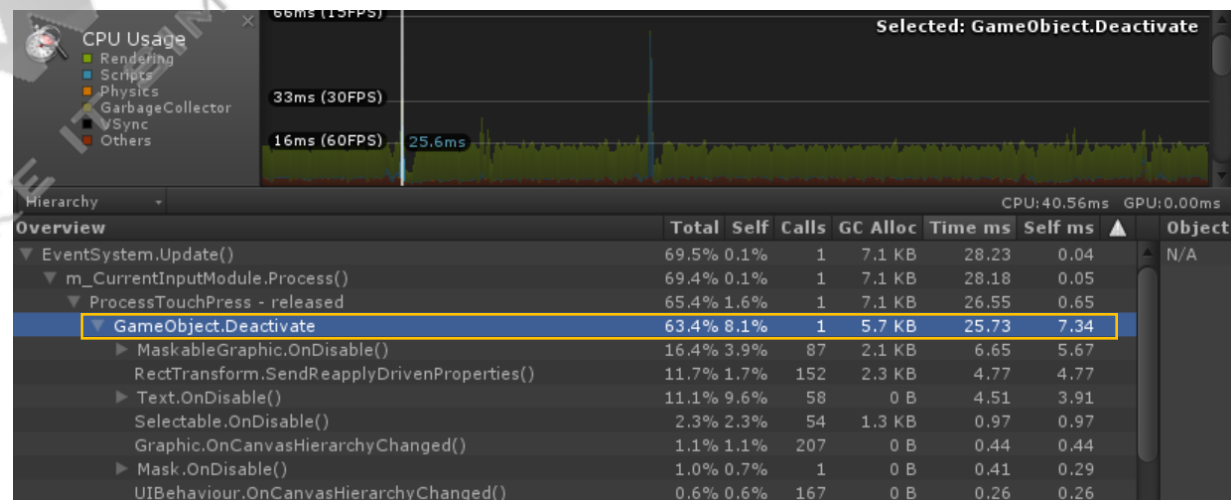
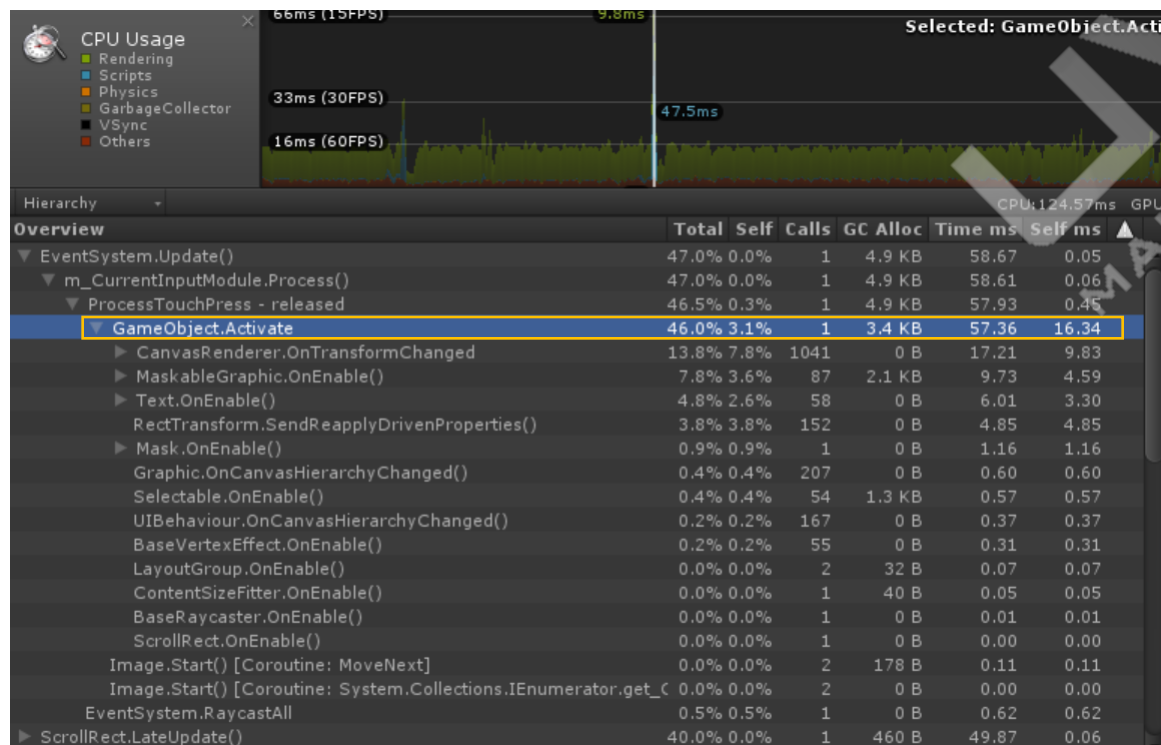
界面切换

- Instantiate/Destroy
 - 隐藏 60.71ms
 - 显示 229.00ms



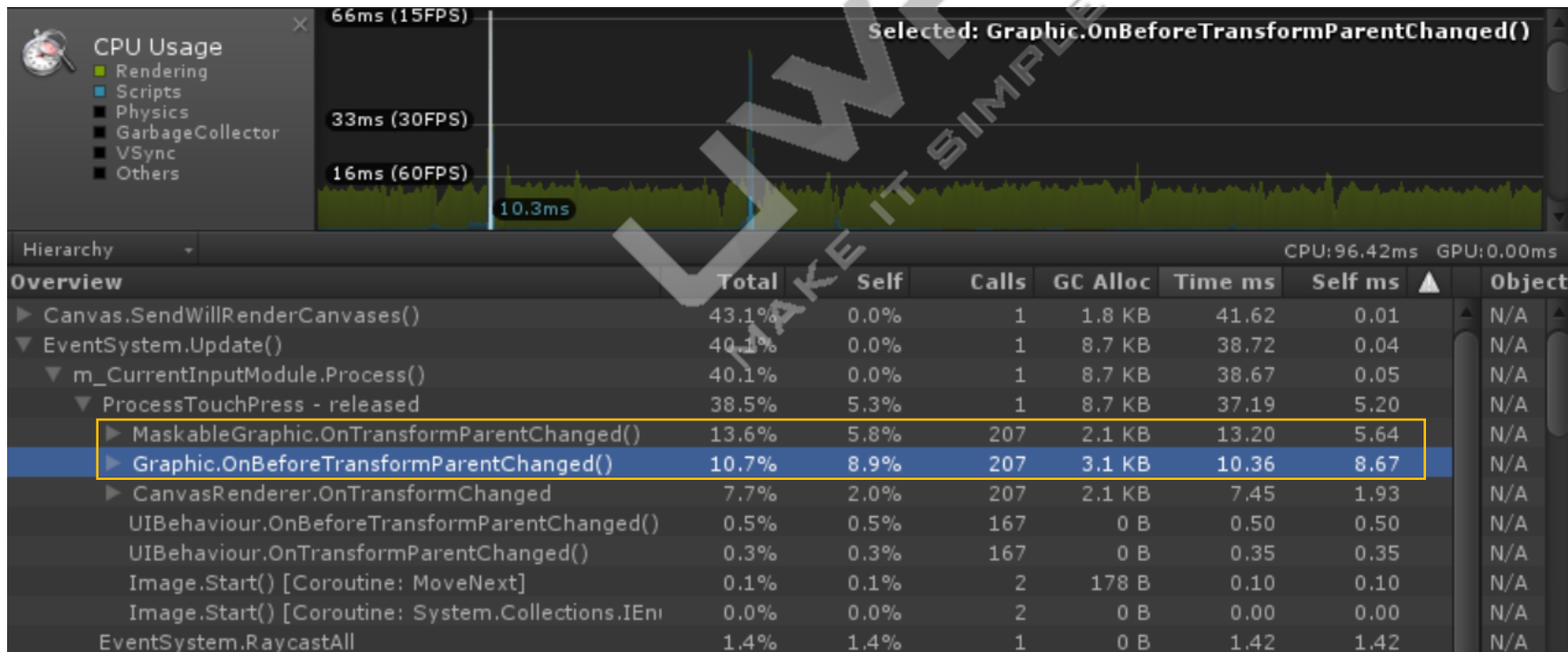
界面切换

- GameObject.Activate/Deactivate
 - 隐藏 40.56ms
 - 显示 124.57ms



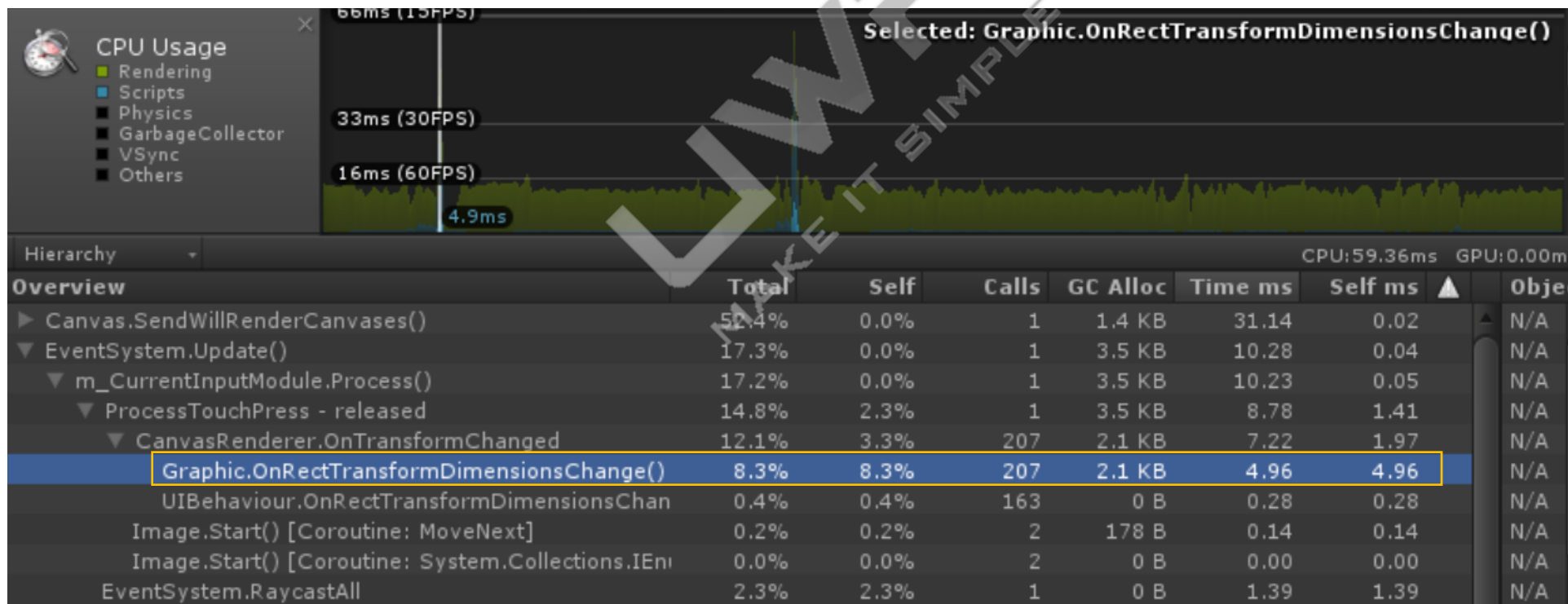
界面切换

- CanvasRenderer.OnRectTransformChange
 - 不修改 parent, 避免 XXXParentChanged 回调



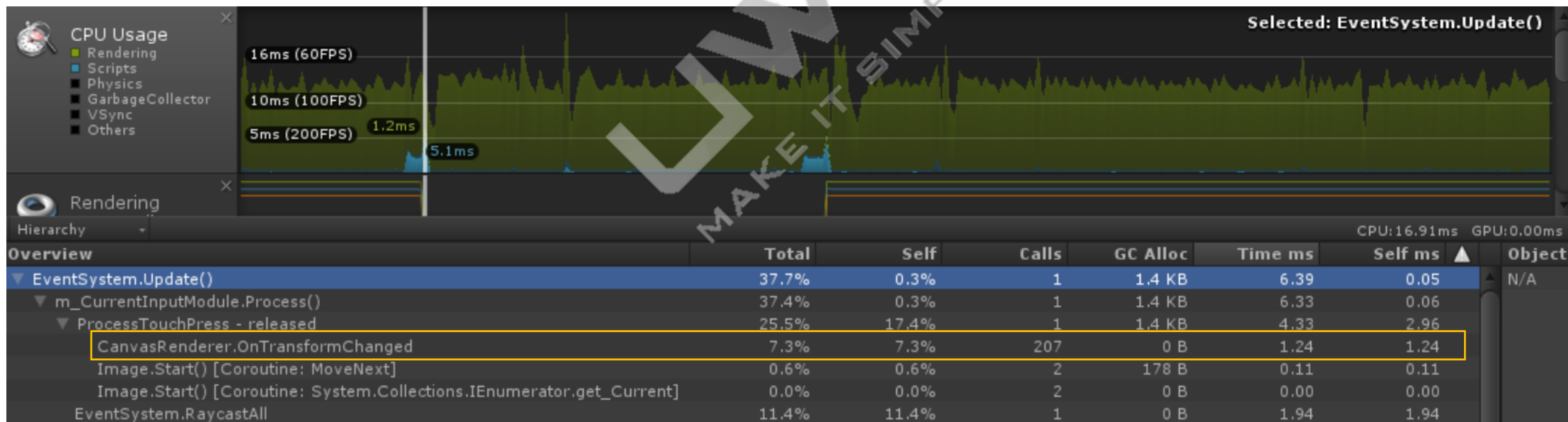
界面切换

- CanvasRenderer.OnRectTransformChange
 - 尽量避免 Pixel Perfect



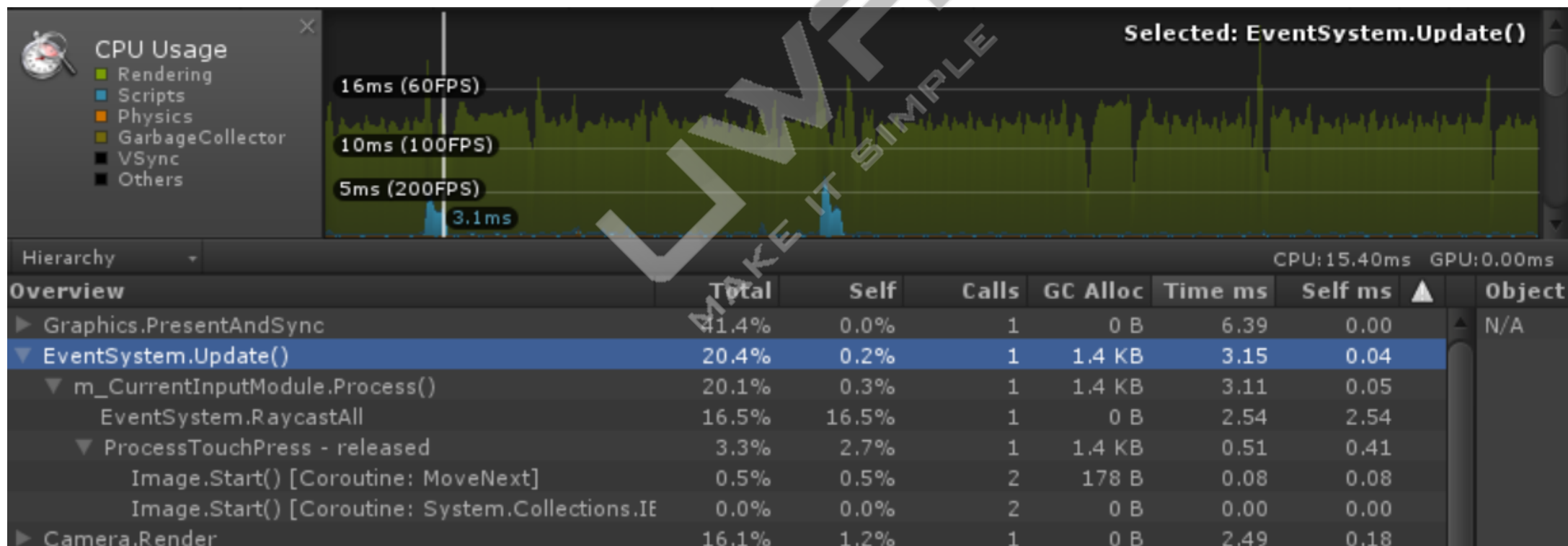
界面切换

- CanvasRenderer.OnRectTransformChange



界面切换

- CullingMask

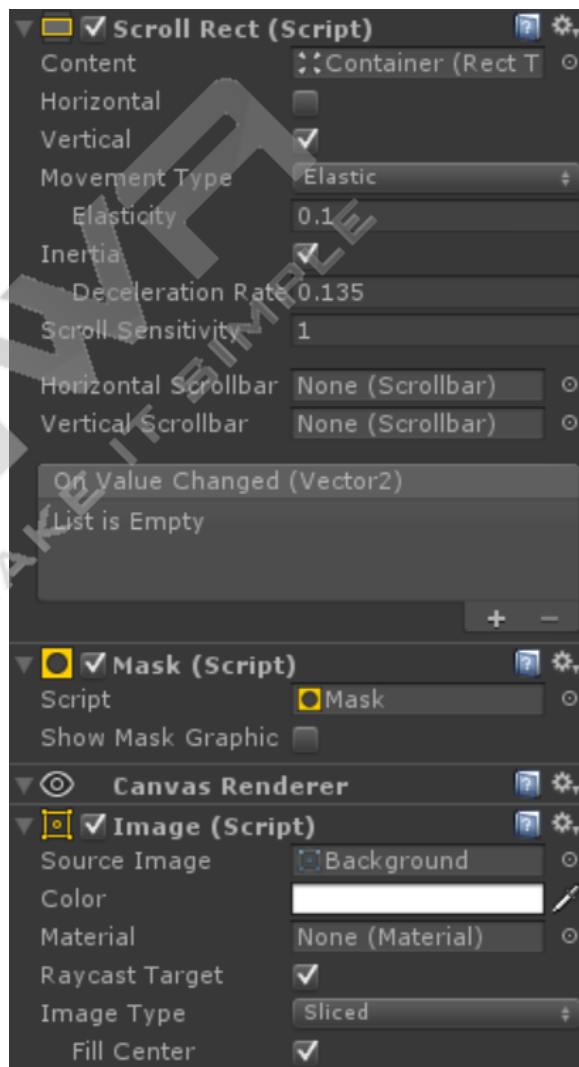
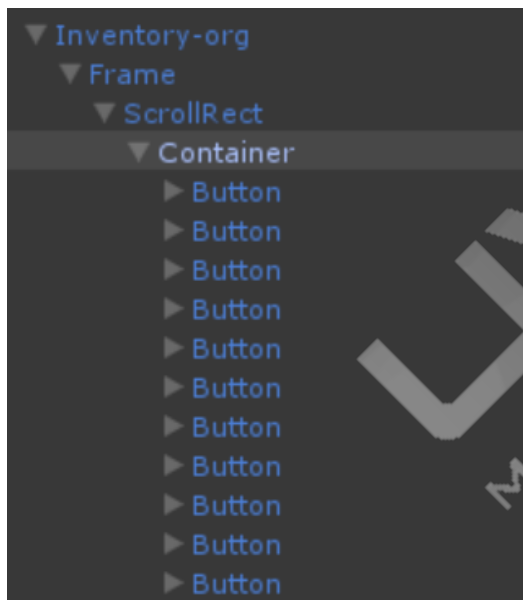


界面切换

- CanvasRenderer.OnRectTransformChange/CullingMask
 - 移出后，确认 Draw Call 的变化
 - 5.2之后，移出Canvas并不会减少DrawCall
 - 停止更新“隐藏”界面的动态元素
 - 禁用事件点击处理
 - CanvasGroup
 - GraphicsRaycaster

背包界面

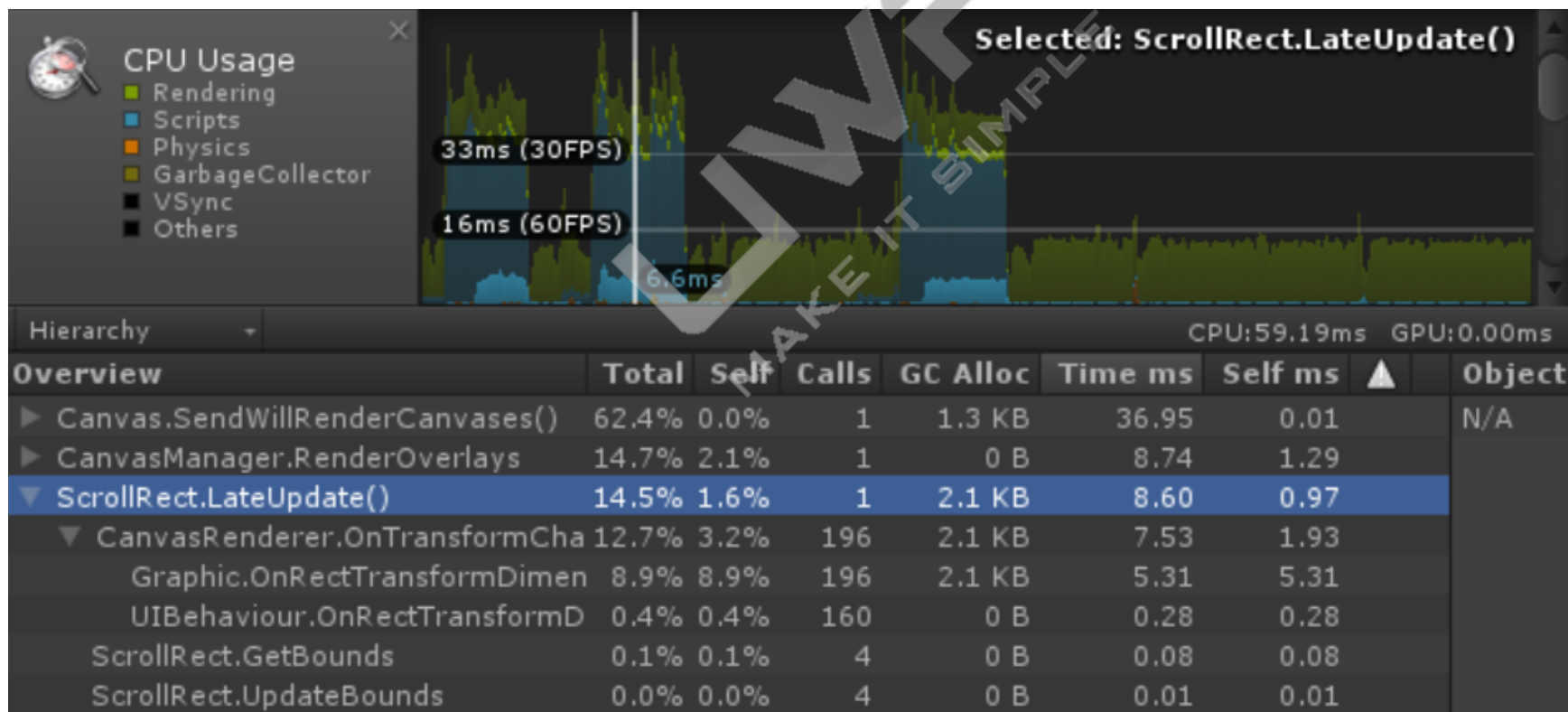
- 背包设置



背包界面

- 拖动开销

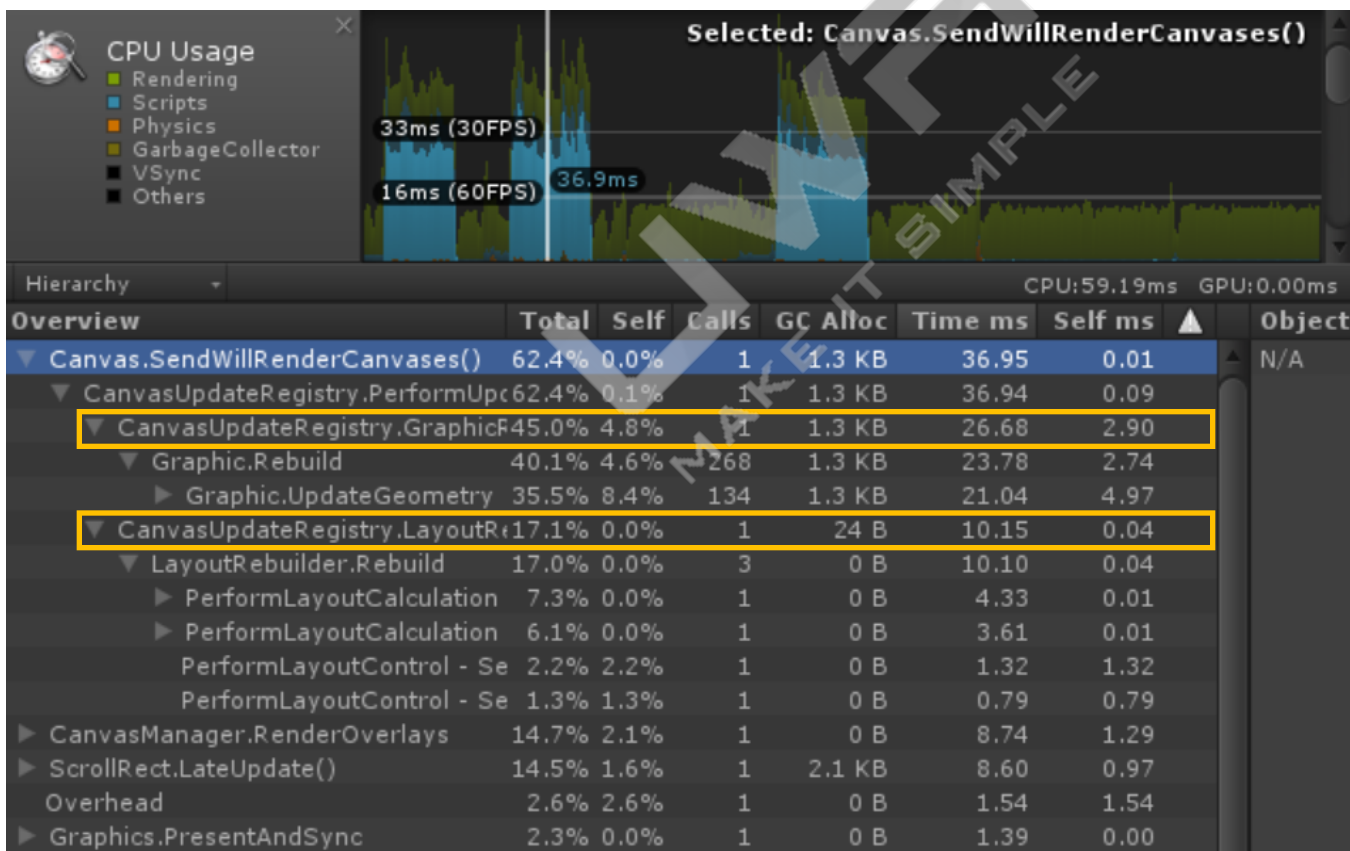
CPU:59.19ms



背包界面

- 拖动开销

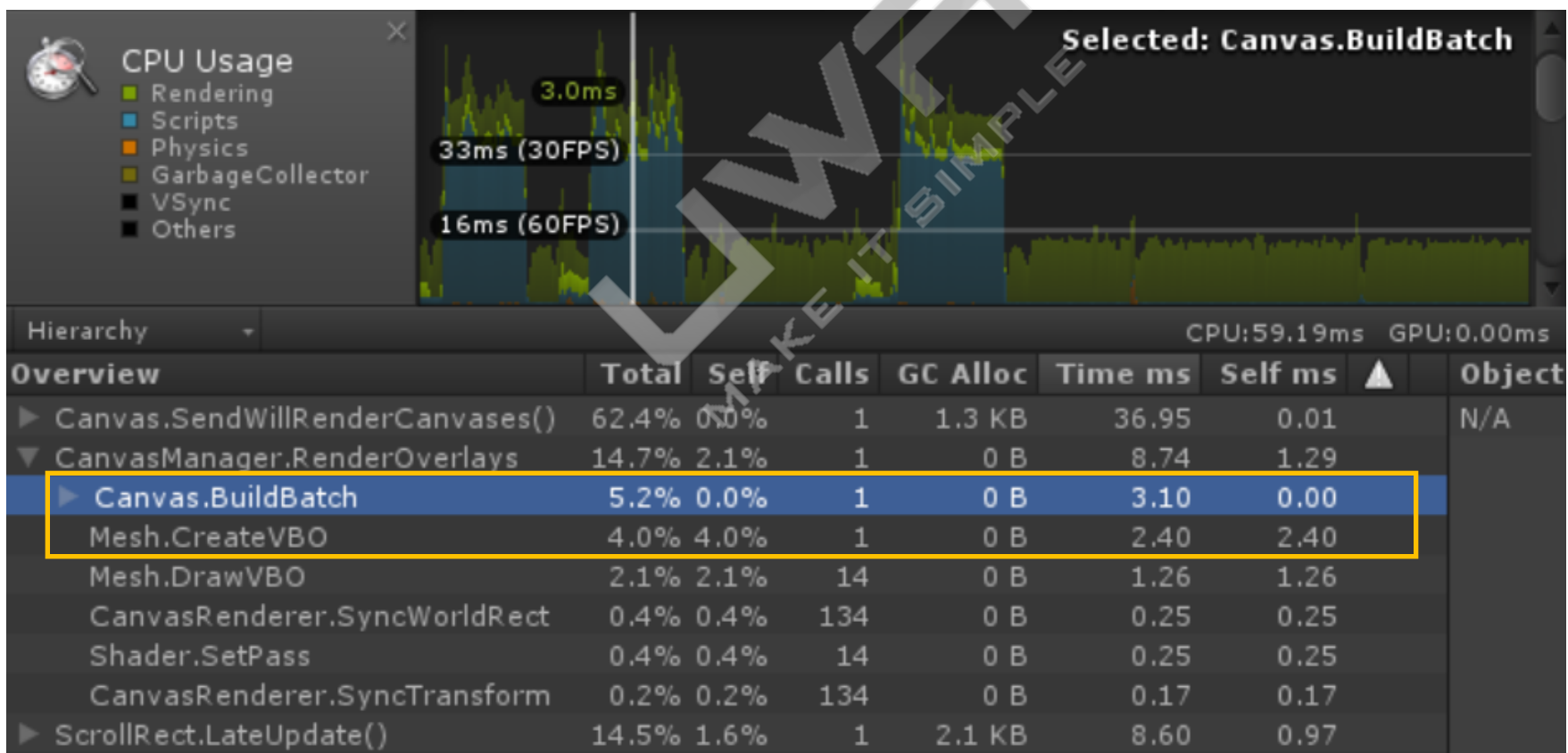
CPU:59.19ms



背包界面

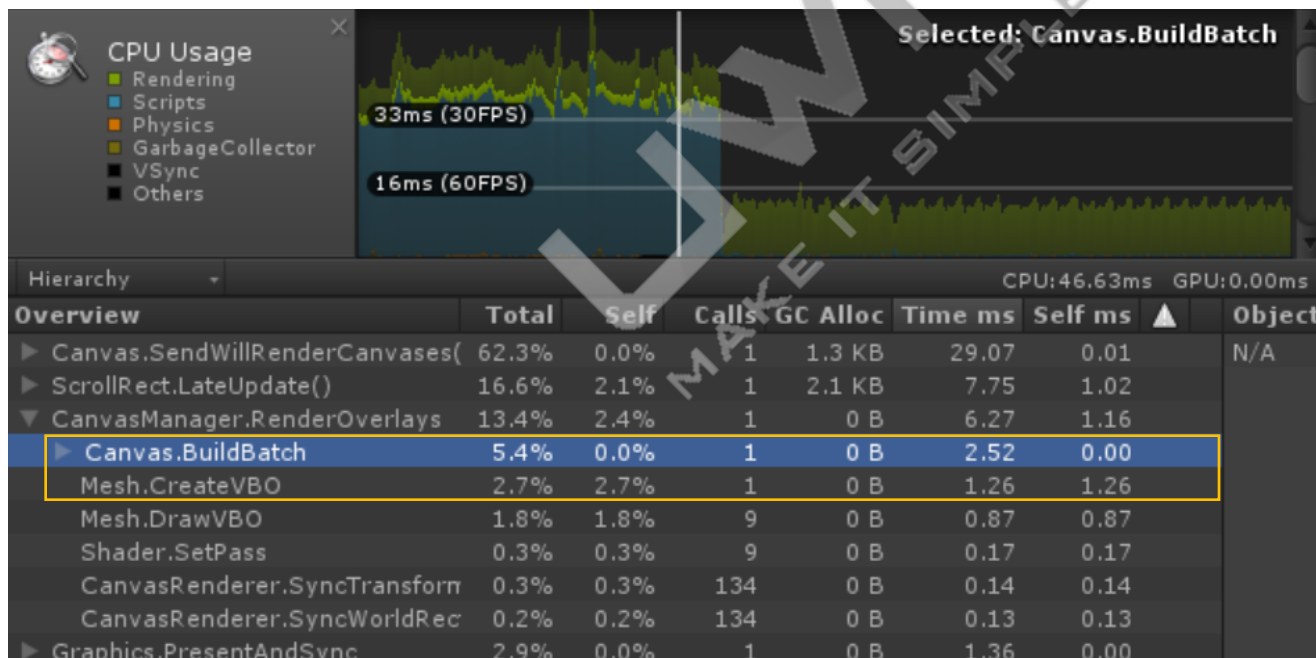
- 拖动开销

CPU:59.19ms



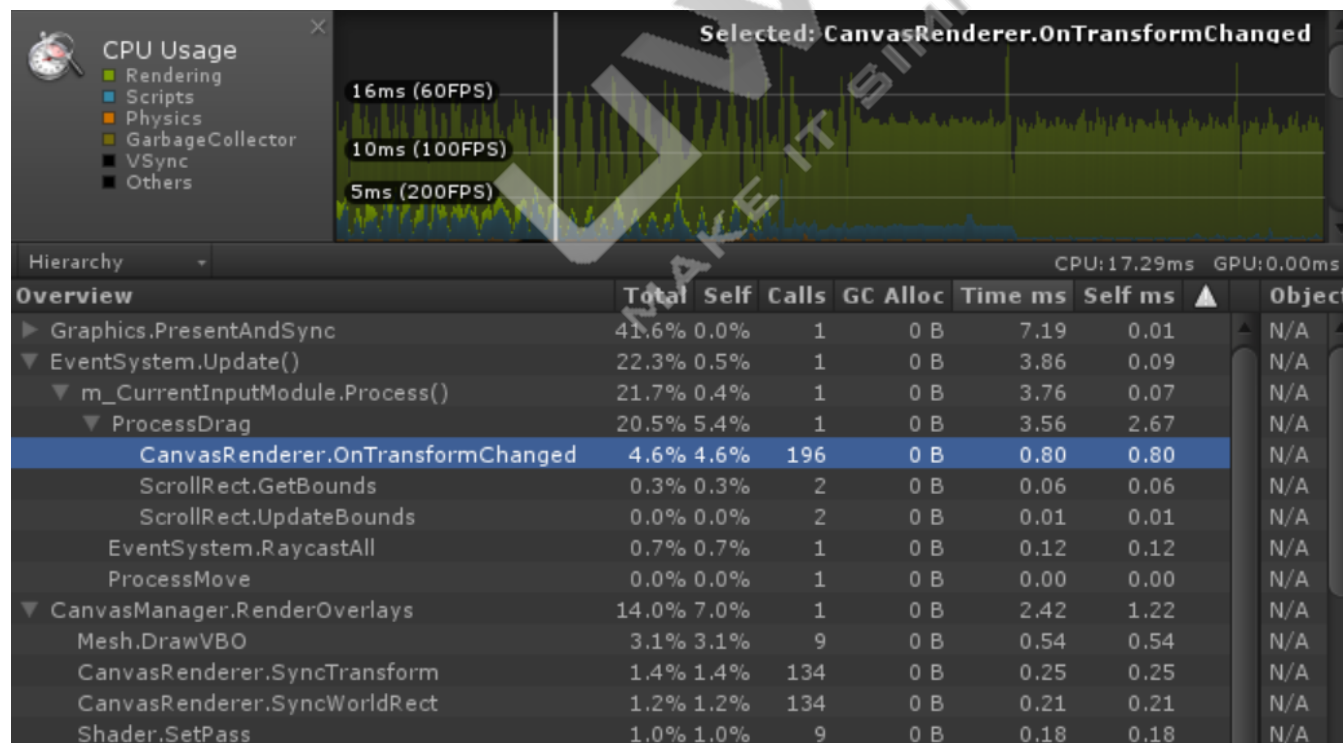
背包界面

- 拖动开销
 - 将滚动部分独立成 Canvas，以减小 Canvas.BuildBatch 的范围



背包界面

- 拖动开销 CPU: 17.29ms
 - 尽可能不用 PixelPerfect, 避免 Canvas.SendWillRenderCanvases() 以及 Canvas.BuildBatch



www.uwa4d.com

